



m/s² **797L SERIES**
Low-frequency accelerometer

SPECIFICATIONS

Sensitivity, ±5%, 25°C	500 mV/g	
Acceleration range	10 g peak	
Amplitude nonlinearity	1%	
Frequency response:	±5%	0.6 - 850 Hz
	±10%	0.4 - 1,500 Hz
	±3 dB	0.2 - 3,700 Hz
Resonance frequency	18 kHz	
Transverse sensitivity, max	7% of axial	
Temperature response:	-50°C	-8%
	+120°C	+5%
Power requirement:		
Voltage source	18 - 30 VDC	
Current regulating diode	2 - 10 mA	
Electrical noise, equiv. g:		
Broadband	2.5 Hz to 25 kHz	12 µg
Spectral	2 Hz	2.0 µg/√Hz
	10 Hz	0.6 µg/√Hz
	100 Hz	0.2 µg/√Hz
Output impedance, max	100 Ω	
Bias output voltage	10 VDC	
Grounding	case isolated, internally shielded	
Temperature range	-50° to +120°C	
Vibration limit	250 g peak	
Shock limit	2,500 g peak	
Electromagnetic sensitivity, equiv. g	5 µg/gauss	
Sealing	hermetic	
Base strain sensitivity	0.001 g/µstrain	
Sensing element design	PZT ceramic / shear	
Weight	148 grams	
Case material	316L stainless steel	
Mounting	1/4-28 captive socket head	
Mating connector	R6 type	
Recommended cabling	J9T2A	

Accessories supplied: #12105-01 captive socket head (metric mounting available); calibration data (level 3)

Certifications

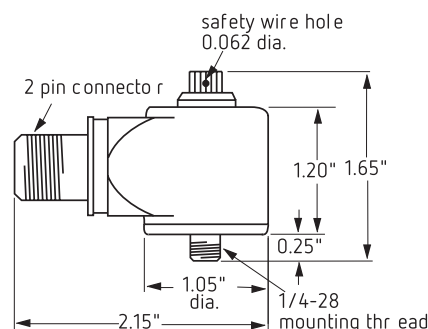
All 797L models	797LE	797L-33	797L-35
	Class I, II, III, T4 Div 1 Groups A, B, C, D, E, F, G Div 2 Groups A, B, C, D, F, G	Class I, Div 1 Groups A, B, C, D	II 1 G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga Tamb: -50°C to 120°C

Note: Due to continuous process improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice. This document is cleared for public release.



Key features

- Certified versions available for use in hazardous areas (models 797LE, 797L-33, 797L-35)
- Ultra low noise electronics
- Manufactured in ISO 9001 facility



Connections	
Function	Connector pin / cable conductor color
power/signal	A / white
common	B / black
ground	shell / shield

For Hazardous area installations the transducer must be installed per 11537.

The model 797L-35 transducer must not be subjected to an acceleration greater than 1200g and must be mechanically protected so that it is not subjected to impacts greater than 2 J energy.